

# User Bulletin



Ver.17A

## VioTotal Plant RNA Extraction Miniprep System

Viogene **VioTotal** Plant RNA Extraction Miniprep System provides a fast method to purify total RNA from 100 mg plant material or  $1 \times 10^7$  plant cells. A simple spin-column based method can isolate large RNAs, siRNAs, and **microRNAs** without the time-consuming procedure of phenol/chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation. Sample Preparation Time: ~ 30 minutes, Operation under biosafety hood.

**For Research Use Only**

## Downstream Application

- Northern blotting
- Ploy A<sup>+</sup> RNA selection
- cDNA synthesis
- RT-PCR
- Transcription profiling
- NGS
- Gene editing

## Product Contents

Cat. No	PVTR1001	PVTR1002
Preps	50	250
VRX Buffer	26ml	130ml
WS Buffer (RNA)	12ml	30ml x 2
RNase-free ddH <sub>2</sub> O	1.5ml x 2	15ml
RNA Mini Column	50	250
Collection Tube	50	250
Protocol	1	1

**All buffers need to be mixed well before use.**

## Shipping & Storage

Viogene **VioTotal** Plant RNA Extraction Miniprep System is stable at 20-25°C for one year. The kit should be stored in a dry place and kept away from direct sunlight.

## Must-read Notes:

*Please read the following notes before starting the procedures.*

- Add 48 ml/bt (for PVTR1001) or 120 ml/bt (for PVTR1002) of 98-100% ethanol into WS Buffer bottle when first open.
- All plastic wares and containers should be treated properly to make sure RNase-free. Gloves should be worn when handling RNA.
- Buffers provided in this system contain irritants. Appropriate safety apparels such as gloves and lab coat should be worn.
- All centrifugation steps except cell pelleting, should be at full speed (10,000 x g or 13,000 - 14,000 rpm) in a microcentrifuge.
- All procedure should be done at room temperature (20-25°C).

## Viogene's unique design — EasyLid

The EasyLid is designed to prevent contamination during the procedure.

Twist the arm of the cap and pull the cap to break the EasyLid.



## Protocol:

### Buffer Preparation

Add 48 ml/bt (for PVTR1001) or 120 ml/bt (for PVTR1002) of 98-100% ethanol into WS Buffer bottle when first open.

### Sample Preparation

Various guidelines are provided for plant materials and suspension plant cells.

### Plant Material

Up to 50 mg of plant material sample can be used in each prep.

1. Grind 50 mg plant material sample **under liquid nitrogen** to a fine powder and transfer to a new tube.
2. To complete homogenize 50 mg tissue sample, add 500  $\mu$ l VRX buffer into the sample container, disrupt and homogenize with a homogenizer (20-G needle, Polytron, *etc.*).  
**Note:** If samples already stored in VRX buffer, adjust the ratio to 1:10 (sample: VRX), sample should not exceed 10% of the VRX volume.
3. Centrifuge the mixture at 10,000 x g for 2 minutes to remove particulates, and then transfer the supernatant into an RNase-free microcentrifuge tube (not provided). Proceed with RNA Purification.

### Suspension Cells

It is recommended to process  $1 \times 10^4$  –  $5 \times 10^6$  plant cells (per prep).

1. Spin down cells by centrifugation (up to  $5 \times 10^6$  plant cells). Carefully remove the supernatant and resuspend cells in 100  $\mu$ l (one volume) of PBS, add 300  $\mu$ l (three volumes) of VRX buffer to lyse the cell by vortexing.  
**Note:** After adding VRX buffer, the samples is stable for later step of total RNA purification in room temperature.

2. Centrifuge the mixture at 10,000 x g for 2 minutes to remove particulates, and then transfer the supernatant into an RNase-free microcentrifuge tube (not provided). Proceed with RNA Purification.

## RNA Purification

1. Add **one volume isopropanol** (98-100% not provided) directly to one volume sample homogenate (1:1) in VRX buffer. Mix well by vortexing.
2. Load the mixture into a **VioTotal RNA Column** in a collection tube and centrifuge for 1 minute. Transfer the column into a new collection tube and discard the collection tube containing the flow-through.
3. **Wash two times** of the column/collection tube with **500  $\mu$ l WS buffer** (ethanol added) by centrifugation for 30-60 seconds. Discard the flow-through. To complete removal of the residuals washing buffer, centrifuge the column for an **additional 3 minutes**. Transfer the column carefully into an RNase-free tube (not provided).  
**Note:** At this point, RNA samples can be in-column DNase treated optionally, by adding 50  $\mu$ l of DNase I cocktail (5 U DNase I, 5  $\mu$ l 10X DNase I reaction buffer, and 45  $\mu$ l RNase free water), incubate at 25-37°C for 10 minutes, after the incubation, add 100  $\mu$ l VRX/ 100  $\mu$ l isopropanol (total 200  $\mu$ l) mix into the column, centrifuge for 1 minute, discard the flow-through, then process to Step 3 and 4 of the RNA Purification.
4. Add 50  $\mu$ l of RNase-Free water **directly to the column matrix** and centrifuge at max speed for 1 minute.  
The eluted RNA can be used immediately or stored at -70 °C.

## Troubleshooting

Observation	Possible cause	Comments/suggestions
<b>Low or no RNA yield</b>	Inefficient lysis of sample	<p>Make sure that completes homogenization and disruption of samples.</p> <p>Use sufficient starting materials as suggested. Decrease it, if more than suggested amount of the sample used.</p>
	In sufficient sample storage	<p>Keep samples freezed until RNA extraction, avoiding samples freeze and thaw.</p> <p>If problem persist, use fresh samples and process immediately.</p> <p>Storage samples at -20°C or colder -70°C/liquid nitrogen.</p>
Column clogging		<p>Too much starting materials used. Decrease the samples to suggested sample amount.</p> <p>Incomplete sample and VRX sample mixing. Try longer vortexing time of the mixture.</p> <p>Check lysate for any tissues or particle remaining. Remove particles by centrifuge for 5 minutes / 10,000 x g and transfer supernatant to a new tube.</p> <p>Make sure that completes homogenization and disruption of samples.</p> <p>Use sufficient starting materials as suggested. Decrease it, if more than suggested amount of the sample used</p> <p>Centrifugation temperature too low. The centrifugation temperature should be 20–25°C.</p>

Observation	Possible cause	Comments/suggestions
<b>Degraded RNA, smear</b>	RNase contamination	<p>Samples stored or handled incorrectly:</p> <p>Keep samples freezed until RNA extraction. Whenever possible, fresh samples should be used and processed immediately.</p> <p>Storage samples at -20°C or colder -70°C/liquid nitrogen or RNA Stabilization reagent immediately after cells harvesting.</p> <p>Freeze &amp; thaw cycles should be avoided.</p> <p>Ware RNase-free gloves during all procedures.</p> <p>Use only sterilized and RNase-free glasses and plasticwares.</p>
		<p><b>DNA contamination</b></p> <p>Apply DNase I treatment of the suggested step.</p>
<b>No enzymatic reaction</b>	Residues of ethanol	<p>Before RNase-free water elution step, ensure the additional 3 minutes spin step to eliminate the residues ethanol from the washing step.</p>

### Serial Products

Product Name	Cat. No.	Preps
<b>miTotal</b> RNA Miniprep	VTR1001	50
	VTR1002	250
<b>VioTotal</b> Plant RNA Miniprep	PVTR1001	50
	PVTR1002	250

Different size of Viogene **miTotal** and **VioTotal** RNA Extraction Systems.